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Plaintiff ComedyMX LLC, by and through its counsel, alleges for its complaint against defendants BROADBANDTV CORP. and CINEDIGM DIGITAL CINEMA CORP. (collectively, "Defendants") as follows:

NATURE OF THE ACTION

1. This is an action for violation of Section 512(f) of the Digital Millennium Copyright Act ("DMCA"), 17 U.S.C. § 101, et seq.

THE PARTIES

- 2. Plaintiff ComedyMX LLC is a Delaware limited liability company with offices in Pinewood, New Jersey.
- 3. On information and belief, defendant BROADBANDTV CORP. ("BBTV") is a Canadian corporation doing business as "BBTV" with an address at 520 Broadway, Santa Monica, California 90401.
- 4. On information and belief, defendant CINEDIGM DIGITAL CINEMA CORP. is a Delaware corporation ("Cinedigm") with an address at 15301 Ventura Boulevard, Bldg. B, Suite 420, Sherman Oaks, California 91403. Cinedigm is further registered as a foreign corporation with the California Secretary of State as Entity No. C2748811.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 5. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction over this lawsuit under 28 U.S.C. § 1338 because the action arises under the copyright laws of the United States and pendant jurisdiction over any and all state causes of action under 28 U.S.C. § 1367.
- 6. This Court has personal jurisdiction over Defendants because Defendants maintain offices in the state and thus reside in California.
- 7. Venue is proper and reasonable in this district under 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b)(1) because Defendants reside and maintain offices in the Central District of California. Also, venue is proper in this district under 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b)(2)

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because a substantial part of the events or omissions giving rise to this claim for violation of the DMCA occurred in this district and Defendants have significant contacts with the district.

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FACTS

Plaintiff's Business

- 8. Plaintiff is engaged in the business of providing entertainment services including, without limitation, the production and distribution of comedy videos and videos featuring classic movies. In many cases, plaintiff creates copyrightable derivative works using content in the public domain.
- 9. YouTube, L.L.C. ("YouTube") is a company that hosts and makes accessible videos via the website YouTube.com.
- 10. Content providers, such as plaintiff, upload videos to YouTube and are able to collect ad revenue generated by YouTube's viewers watching ads in conjunction with the videos via YouTube's service platform. YouTube allows content providers to create "channels" to consolidate their videos. In the present case, plaintiff's 8THMANDVD.COM® YouTube channel is at issue.
- 11. In or around December 2013, plaintiff uploaded two videos to YouTube entitled *Dick Tracy's Dilemma* and *Dick Tracy Meets Gruesome*.
- 12. Both videos were versions of films created in 1947 that had been creatively edited and remastered by plaintiff. As such, plaintiff holds copyrights with respect to these remastered versions.
- 13. The authors/rights holders of the 1947 films did not renew their copyright in 1975. Thus, under applicable law, this failure to renew the copyrights resulted in the films falling into the public domain. As such, no entity, including Defendants, can claim copyright rights to the original versions of the films.

Defendants' Wrongful Conduct

- 14. On or around December 24, 2019, plaintiff received notices from the claimant "BBTV_Cinedigm" via YouTube's online platform falsely alleging plaintiff's videos infringed Defendants' purported copyright rights (the "DMCA Takedown Notices"). Attached hereto as Exhibit A is a true and correct screenshot of a summary of the DMCA Takedown Notices from YouTube's website.
- 15. On information or belief, the claimant "BBTV_Cinedigm" account is owned and/or controlled by Defendants. On information or belief, defendant BBTV was granted access to YouTube's "Take Down Tool." This access is not typically available to the public. Due to this access, Defendants were able to secure a DMCA takedown without typical review or process by YouTube.
- 16. As a result of the DMCA Takedown Notices, plaintiff was forced to remove the videos resulting in lost ad revenue from viewers who would have watched the uploaded films.
- 17. Defendants' wrongful DMCA Takedown Notices further resulted in harm by causing a "strike" against plaintiff's channel. YouTube continuously monitors the number of strikes received by content providers. If a content provider's YouTube channel receives three "strikes," YouTube can suspend or permanently remove the channel. Attached hereto as Exhibit B are true and correct copies of screenshots showing that the videos were taken down and strikes issued by YouTube on plaintiff's channel. Thus, plaintiff, as a prophylactic measure against Defendants' unlawful actions, removed two other *Dick Tracy* videos from its channel to prevent further "strikes" from being issued against plaintiff's channel resulting in a suspension or removal of the channel.
- 18. On December 24, 2019, plaintiff by and through counsel provided a "counter-notice" to YouTube and Defendants demanding they retract the invalid DMCA Takedown Notices.

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- Defendants subsequently retracted the notices on December 25, 2019 19. conceding that plaintiff had not infringed any copyright of Defendants.
- On information and belief, Defendants, either directly or through 20. agents within their custody and control, have submitted other false DMCA takedown notices against plaintiff in the past.
- On information and belief, Defendants did not conduct any diligent 21. investigation with respect to their purported copyright rights, the fact that the subject films were copyrighted derivatives based on content in the public domain, the fact that plaintiff's content is non-infringing or the fact that plaintiff holds valid copyrights in the subject material.
- 22. On information and belief, Defendants willfully and knowingly submitted the DMCA Takedown Notices against plaintiff in serial fashion (as opposed to a single complaint regarding all of the Dick Tracy videos that would have resulted in only a single "strike") knowing the notices were and are invalid. Instead, Defendants intended to interfere with plaintiff's business, attempted to cause a shutdown of plaintiff's channel, and block plaintiff from receiving ad revenue.

CLAIM FOR RELIEF

(Violation of 17 U.S.C. § 512(f))

(Against All Defendants)

- Plaintiff re-alleges each and every allegation set forth in paragraphs 1 23. through 22, inclusive, and incorporates them by reference herein.
- On at least two occasions, Defendants sent YouTube notices of 24. alleged copyright infringement pursuant to the DMCA that contained knowing and material misrepresentations that videos posted by plaintiff to the YouTube service infringed Defendants' alleged copyrights.
 - YouTube, the service provider that received Defendants' knowingly 25.

misrepresentations and removed or disabled access to the material Defendants

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falsely claimed to be infringing.

false notifications of alleged infringement, relied upon Defendants'

- 27. Defendants' abusive behavior has caused plaintiff to lose revenue and profits by causing the wrongful removal of non-infringing content.
- 28. Defendants' abusive behavior caused harm to plaintiff's reputation and standing with YouTube by causing improper "strikes" against plaintiff's account.
- 29. Defendants' acts, as set forth above, constitute violation of the DMCA, all to the damage of plaintiff as previously alleged.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff asks that this Court grant judgment against defendants for the following:

- A. Defendants, their officers, agents, servants, employees, and attorneys, and all persons in active concert or participation with any of them, be enjoined from:
 - i. Falsely submitting DMCA takedown notices regarding plaintiff's content;
 - ii. conspiring, encouraging, inducing, allowing, abetting, or assisting others in performing any of the activities referred to in subparagraphs (i) above.
- B. Defendants shall file with the Court and serve on plaintiff, within 30 days after the entry and service on defendants of an injunction, a report in

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writing and attested to under penalty of perjury setting forth in detail the manner and form in which defendants have complied with the provisions of subparagraph (A) above.

- C. Plaintiff recovers all damages it has sustained as a result of Defendants' violation of 17 U.S.C. § 512(f).
- D. Plaintiff be awarded its reasonable attorneys' fees for prosecuting this action.
- E. Plaintiff recover its costs of this action and pre-judgment and post-judgment interest, to the full extent allowed by law.
- F. Plaintiff receive all other relief the Court deems appropriate.

Respectfully submitted,
MANDOUR & ASSOCIATES, APC

Dated: January 9, 2020

/s/ Ben T. Lila

Ben T. Lila (SBN 246808) Email: blila@mandourlaw.com Attorneys for plaintiff, COMEDYMX LLC

DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL Plaintiff hereby demands a trial by the jury on its claims herein and all issues and claims so triable in this action. Respectfully submitted, MANDOUR & ASSOCIATES, APC Dated: January 9, 2020 /s/ Ben T. Lila Ben T. Lila (SBN 246808) Email: blila@mandourlaw.com Attorneys for plaintiff, **COMEDYMX LLC**

EXHIBIT A

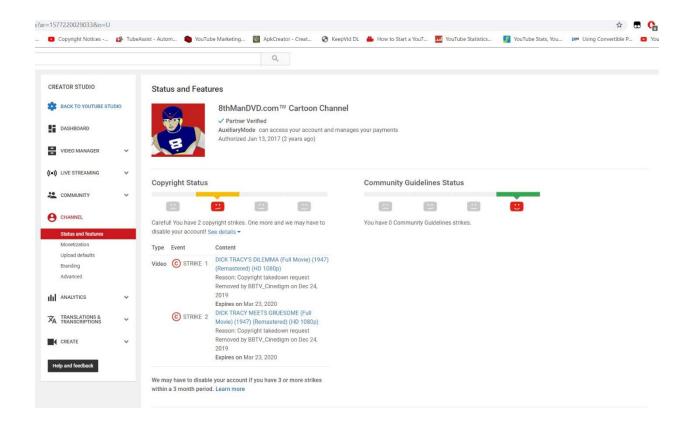


EXHIBIT B

