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BOOKS RECEIVED

LEGAL EXPENSE INSURANCE: THE EUROPEAN EXPERIENCE IN FINANCING LEGAL SERVICES. By Werner Pfennigstorf. American Bar Foundation Publication, 1975. Pp. ix, 117. Softbound. \$3.00.

Mr. Pfennigstorf explores the differences in legal environments that may account for the fact that insurance companies in the United States are just beginning to offer insurance programs to cover legal expenses, while insurers in the European nations have been successfully engaged in such activity for more than 50 years. Pfennigstorf's study shows that legal expense insurance can be marketed successfully if properly written. This look at the European experience will encourage a reappraisal of the system for delivering and financing legal services in the United States.

A MANUAL ON HABEAS CORPUS FOR JAIL AND PRISON INMATES. Prison Law Project Publication, 1974. Softbound. No cost to prisoners.

This work is a practical, workable approach to the solution of some legal problems currently confronting prison inmates. It is designed to furnish the impoverished inmate with basic legal tools as well as sources for further assistance as the need arises. While the work focuses primarily on California law, it is readily adaptable to other jurisdictions. Many of the individuals responsible for its production were themselves inmates and thus present a unique approach to inmates' legal problems—an approach founded upon personal experience rather than purely academic theories.

PROMOTING COMPETITION IN REGULATED MARKETS. Edited by Almarin Phillips. Washington, D.C. Brookings Institution, 1975. Hardbound. \$12.50. Softbound. \$4.98.

When markets fail to allocate resources efficiently, some form of regulation is usually proposed as a corrective measure. This book explores regulation in nine industries, raising the following questions: What aspects of the industry are regulated? What are the goals of regulation? Does the public benefit from regulation? Would the substitution of competitive market forces for direct regulation be preferable in some cases? The authors generally agree that competition should play a larger role in the regulation, but they differ in the degree to which they see such changes as being desirable or possible.

NUCLEAR ENERGY: THE MORALITY OF OUR NATIONAL POLICY. Edited by William H. Millerd & Albert J. Fritsch. Washington, D.C. Center for Science in the Public Interest, 1974. Softbound. \$4.00.

This report is aimed at presenting a clear picture of the nuclear power industry and the problems and dangers inherent in operating nuclear power facilities. It concludes with an evaluation of the industry in the light of moral values.

DRUG ENFORCEMENT: DRUGS OF ABUSE. Vol. 2, No. 2. Edited by Horton Heath, Jr., U.S. Department of Justice. Drug Enforcement Administration, Spring, 1975.

This paper summarizes three fundamental and important parts of the Controlled Substances Act: (1) The effects of controlling a substance under the Act; (2) the procedures for bringing a substance under controls of the Act; and, (3) the criteria for determining whether a substance should be controlled.